



# NIA's 62nd Annual Convention Sheraton Grand at Wild Horse Pass March 29–April 1, 2017



**Embracing the Change to  
Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports**  
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Rilco Manufacturing Company, Inc.

**NIA** | National Insulation  
Association  
THE VOICE OF THE INSULATION INDUSTRY™



# Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports for Various Applications

- Above-ground piping for distribution
- Above-ground piping in plants
- Piping in buildings
- Piping in tunnels
- Piping in trenches





# Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Basic Knowledge

## THREE MAIN ENVIRONMENTS FOR SUPPORT DESIGN AND STRESSES PRESENT

SLIDING (UN-RESTRAINED)

VERTICAL LOADS

GUIDED SUPPORTS (SLIDING AND GUIDED)

VERTICAL AND LATERAL LOADS

ANCHOR AND STOP SUPPORTS (RESTRAINED)

VERTICAL, LATERAL, AXIAL LOADS

### THERMAL ENVIRONMENT OF SUPPORTS

- HOT SERVICE
- COLD SERVICE
- DUAL-TEMPERATURE RANGE SERVICE

### APPLICATIONS OF SUPPORTS

- SITS ON STRUCTURE
- HANGING APPLICATIONS



# Pipe Support Loading Basics



Hot supports utilize structural inserts within the support for load carrying and clamping capabilities. Some cold supports use material densities to carry loads.

All designs are calculated with a  
**5:1 Safety Factor**  
in regard to support loading.

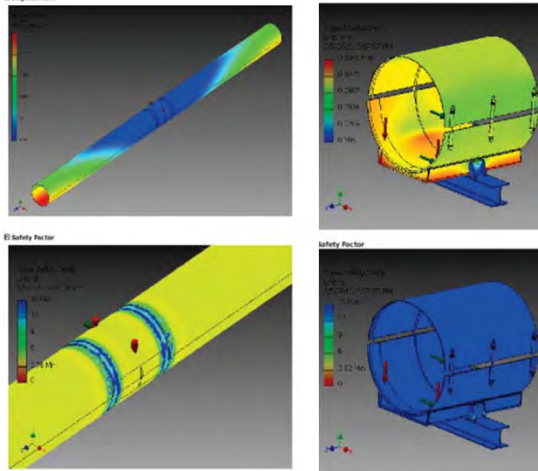
This is backed up by:

- Calculations
- Physical Testing
- FEA Analysis Modeling



# Pipe Support Loading Assurance

## Computer Modeling



## Calculations

### Clamping Calculation to Evaluate Clamping Force to Prevent Slippage of Pipe Through Support

#### Calculating Pipe Circumferential Expansion from Cold to Hot

$$\Delta C = \frac{C \cdot \Delta T}{E} \quad \text{where } C = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \quad \text{and } \Delta T = T_{hot} - T_{cold}$$

$\Delta C_{top} = \frac{C \cdot \Delta T}{E} = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2 \cdot \Delta T}{4 \cdot E}$   
 $\Delta C_{bot} = \frac{C \cdot \Delta T}{E} = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2 \cdot \Delta T}{4 \cdot E}$   
 $\Delta C_{avg} = \frac{\Delta C_{top} + \Delta C_{bot}}{2} = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2 \cdot \Delta T}{4 \cdot E}$

### Clamping Calculation to Evaluate Clamping Force to Prevent Slippage of Pipe Through Support

#### Design Input Data

**Material:** A516-70 (ASME SA-516-70)  $E = 29,000,000 \text{ psi}$   
**Dimensions:**  $D = 48 \text{ in}$ ,  $t = 0.75 \text{ in}$ ,  $L = 120 \text{ in}$   
**Temperature:**  $T_{cold} = 50 \text{ F}$ ,  $T_{hot} = 250 \text{ F}$   
**Clamping:**  $F_c = 100,000 \text{ lbf}$   
**Friction:**  $\mu = 0.15$   
**Weight:**  $W = 1000 \text{ lbf}$   
**Support:**  $F_s = 100,000 \text{ lbf}$

## Physical Testing

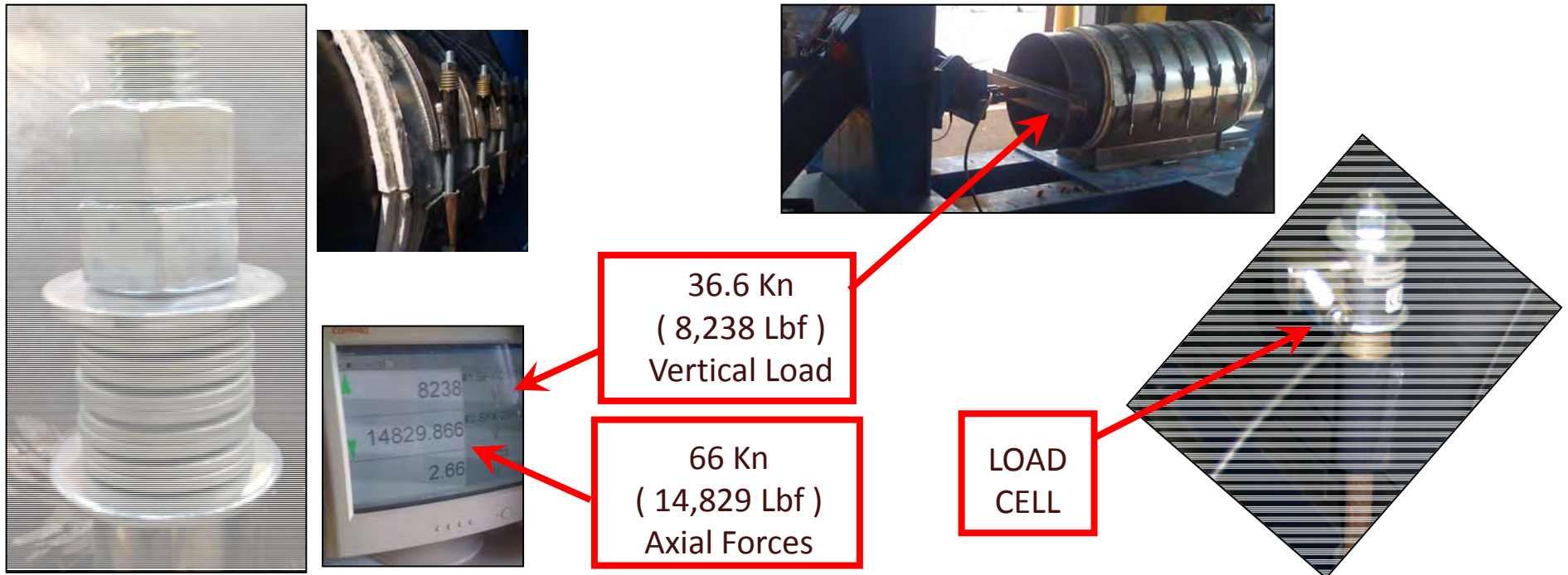




# Clamping to the Pipe

## CLAMPING FORCE ASSURANCE

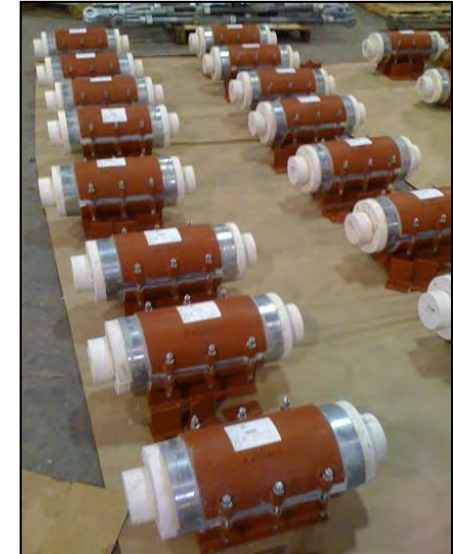
Pipe Supports **MUST** not slip or rotate on the pipe



BELLEVILLE WASHERS ARE UTILIZED TO MAINTAIN CLAMPING FORCES DURING THERMAL PIPE EXPANSION OR CONTRACTION IN EXTREME ENVIRONMENTS



# Pipe Support Insulation Material Options



- Aerogel Blanket
- Calcium Silicate
- Cellular Glass
- Closed-Cell Foam Insulation
- High Density Polyurethane (PUF)
- Others

Composites of different insulations may be utilized for special applications for cold service, hot service, or dual-temperature range service applications





# Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Hot Environment Applications

**Qualified Service Temperature:** -10°F (-23°C) to 1200°F (650°C), and to 1800°F (983°C for some special applications)

## Hot Service Product Lines:

- ✓ Pre-Insulated Pipe Shoes
- ✓ Guides
- ✓ Anchors
- ✓ Isolation Blocks
- ✓ Phenolic Resin Blocks, Sleeves, and Washers

## Insulation Types:

- ✓ Calcium Silicate
- ✓ Aerogel Blanket
- ✓ Closed-Cell Foam Insulation
- ✓ Cellular Glass Insulation







# Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Cold Environment Applications

**Qualified Service Temperature:** -425°F (-253°C) to 275°F (135°C)

- Cryogenic Product Lines:
  - ✓ Pre-Insulated Pipe Shoes
  - ✓ Guides
  - ✓ Anchors
  - ✓ Isolation Blocks
  - ✓ Phenolic Resin Blocks, Sleeves, and Washers
- Insulation Types:
  - ✓ Polyurethane Foam
  - ✓ Aerogel Blanket
  - ✓ Closed-Cell Foam Insulation
  - ✓ Cellular Glass Insulation





# Efficiency—A Core Objective

Supports that WELD directly to the pipe  
OR  
CLAMP directly to the pipe

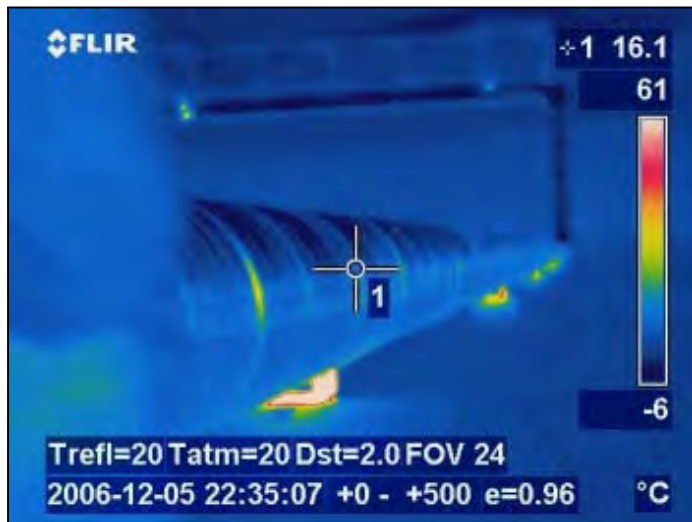


Have documented inefficiencies

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# Welded Supports on an Insulated Line



Thermal Analysis of a Pipeline without Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Installed on the Line



# Solution for Maximum Efficiency

Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Isolate the Pipe from the Outside Structure for MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY

- Pre-insulated supports offer an immediate thermal break
- Eliminates “radiator fin” heat loss through the base
- Keeps BTUs in or out of the pipe depending on temperature of service





# Case #1—Comparative Heat Loss

**“ASTM C680-10 Standard Practice for Estimate of the Heat Gain or Loss and the Surface Temperatures of Insulated Flat, Cylindrical, and Spherical Systems by Use of Computer Programs”**

This is the basis utilized to predict the surface temperature and heat loss of the insulation system.

We compared:

36” pipe with 100mm of Mineral Wool, 296 °C with a **welded support** and insulated over

36” pipe with 50mm of Aerogel blanket, 296 °C using a **pre-insulated pipe support**

- All pipe lengths 1 meter
- Native insulation of each was calculated for a **baseline** without supports



# Results of the Comparison

PIPE SIZE	INSULATION TYPE THICKNESS	SUPPORT TYPE	<u>NATIVE INSULATION</u> HEAT LOSS CFD (W/m)	<u>SUPPORT LOCATIONS</u> HEAT LOSS PER TYPE OF SUPPORT CFD (W/m)	<u>HEAT LOSS</u> <u>% DIFFERENCE</u> PER TYPE OF SUPPORT ARRANGEMENT
36"	MINERAL WOOL 100mm	<b>WELDED SUPPORT / INSULATED OVER SUPPORT</b>	-589.8	-4107	<b>596.3%</b>
36"	AEROGEL BLANKET 50mm	<b>PRE-INSULATED SUPPORT</b>	-478	-745.25	<b>55.9%</b>

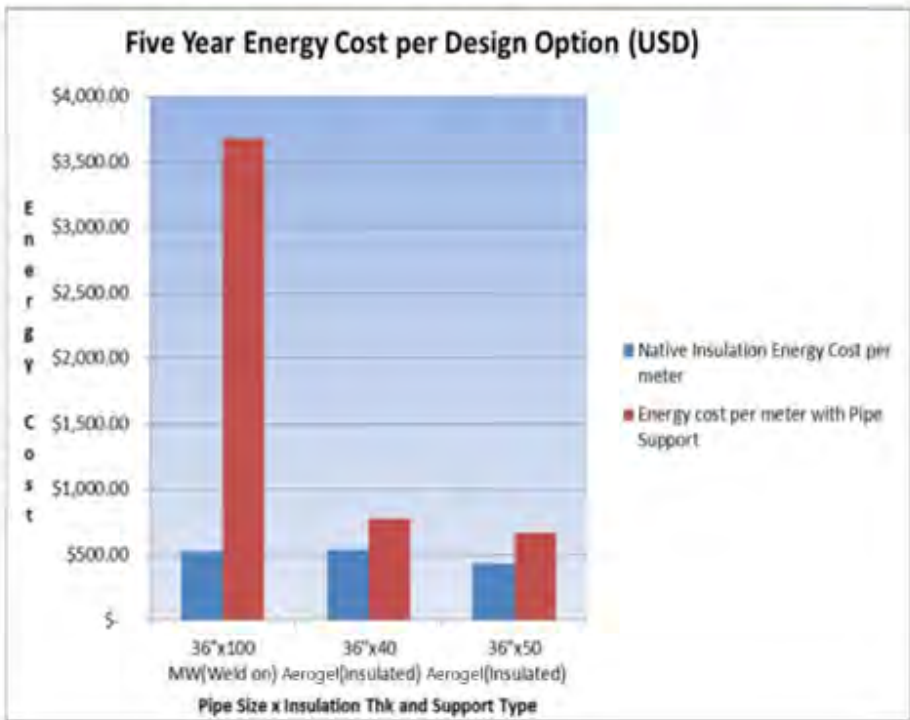
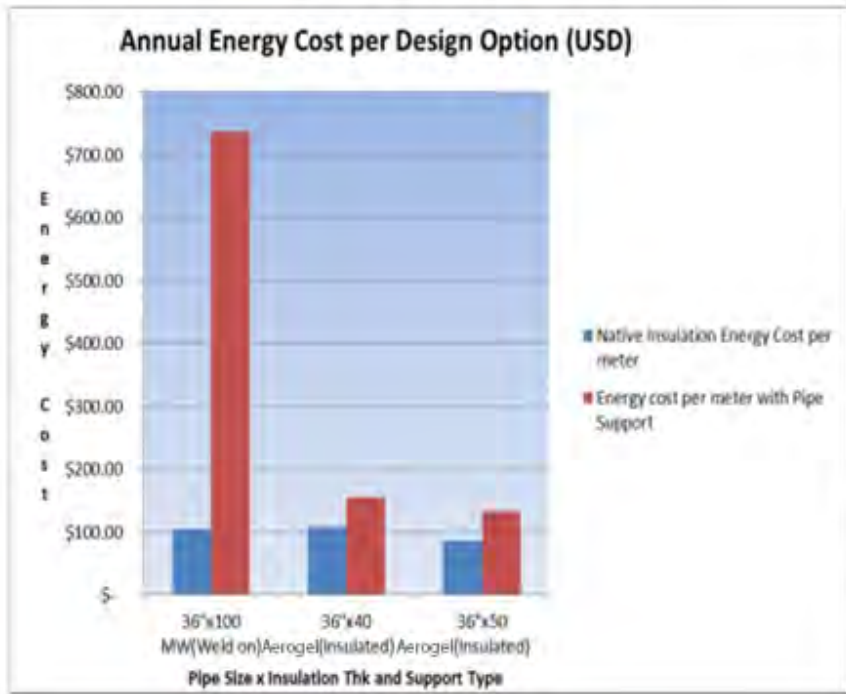
Note the Welded Support System Inefficiency



# Visual Representation of Cost Comparison

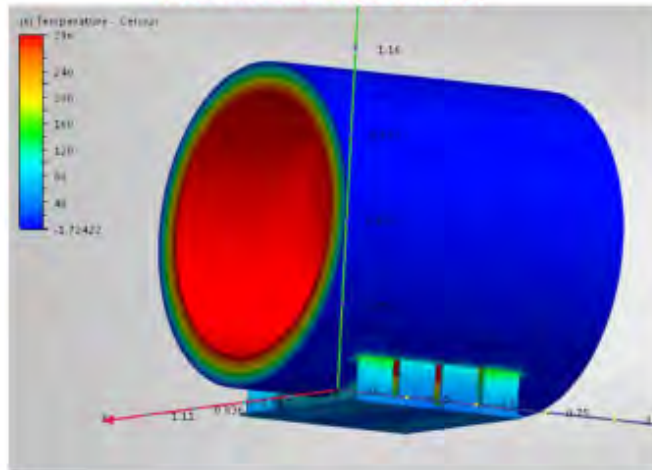
**GRAPHS SHOW ONE SUPPORT ON ONE METER OF PIPE.**

**EXTRAPOLATE TO YOUR PROJECT SIZE**

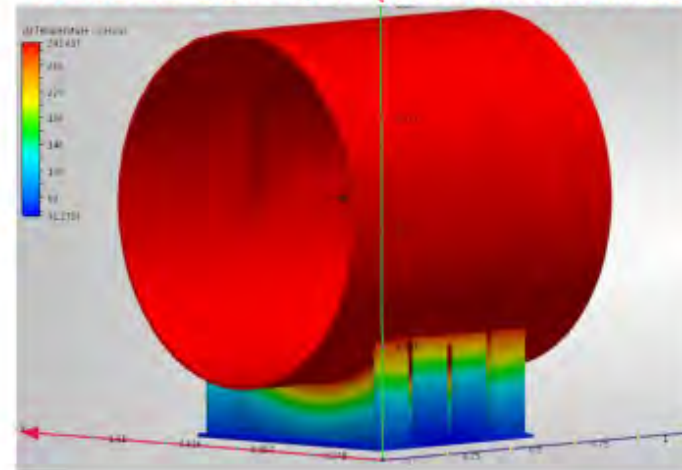


# Computer Modeling of Heat Loss

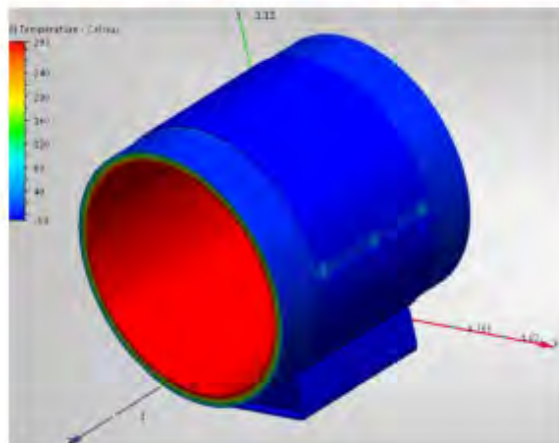
WELDED SUPPORT



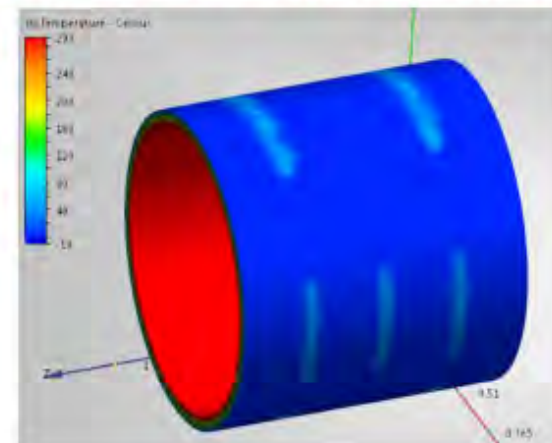
WELDED SUPPORT (INSULATION HIDDEN)



PRE-INSULATED SUPPORT



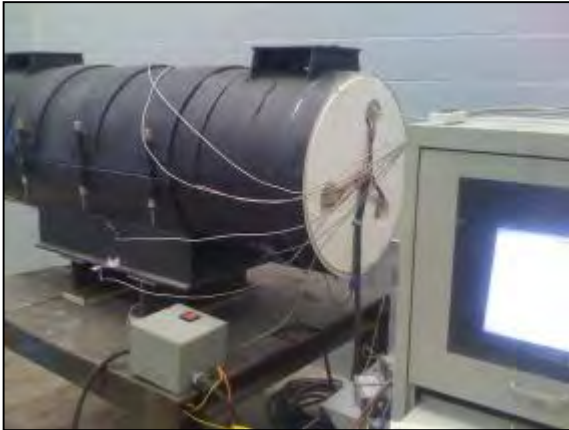
PRE-INSULATED SUPPORT (STEEL HIDDEN)







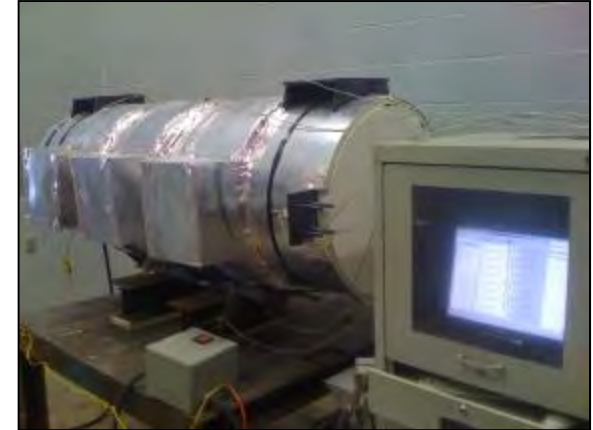
# Case #2—Thermal Loss Test Comparison of 3 Types



Pre-Insulated Support



Weld-On Shoe



Clamp-On Shoe

**NOTE:** Testing was performed in a shop environment at approximately 75-80°F (24°C). The test was performed in a calm environment with NO WIND. WIND across the system, and especially the WELDED support will significantly affect the heat loss and energy usage.



Watt Meter



Thermal Logging



# Case #2—Thermal Loss Test Comparison of 3 Types

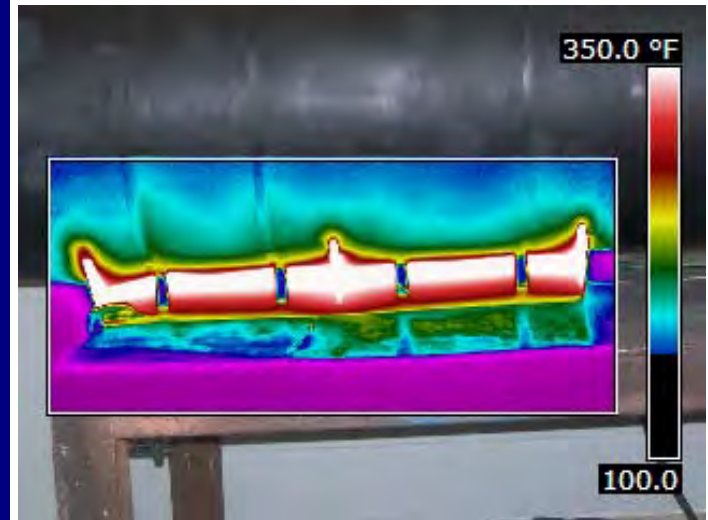
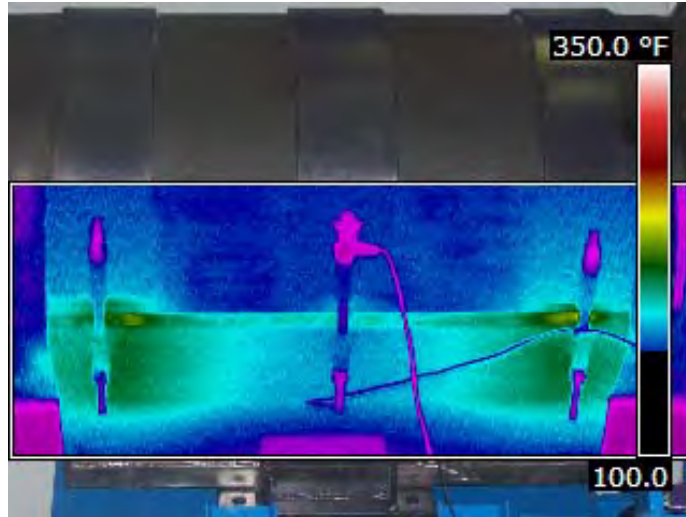
PRE-INSULATED SUPPORT

WELD-ON SUPPORT



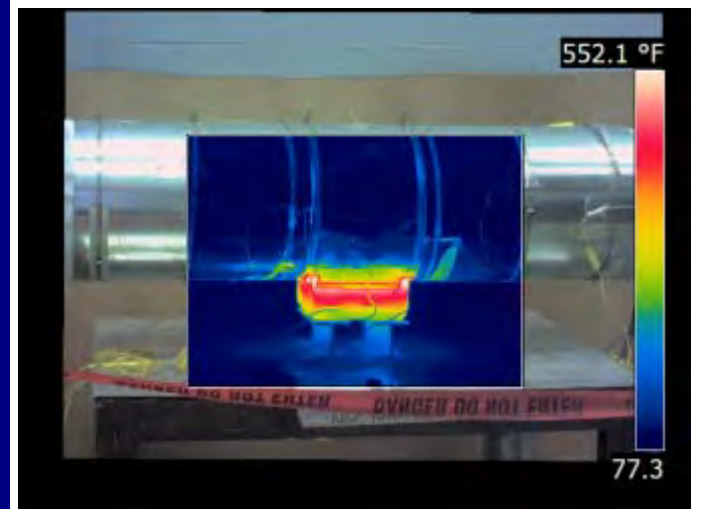
24" STEAM LINE SUPPORTS

343°C  
( 650°F )



12" PROCESS SUPPORTS

621°C  
( 1150°F )





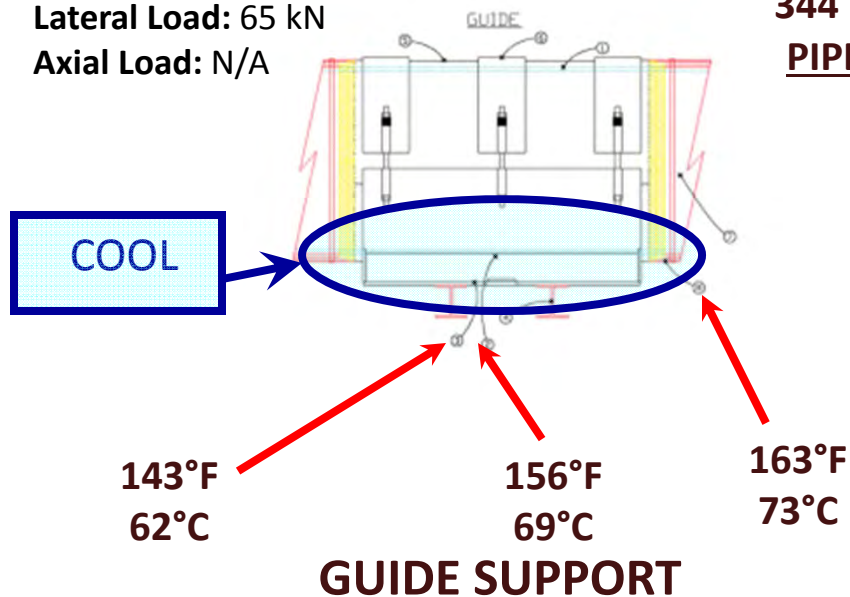
# Support Comparison

## HOT SERVICE AEROGEL BLANKET GUIDED PRE-INSULATED PIPE SUPPORT

Pipe Size: 24"  
Insulation Thickness: 20 mm  
Length: 900 mm

Design Temperature: 343°C (650°F)

Vertical Load: 65 kN  
Lateral Load: 65 kN  
Axial Load: N/A



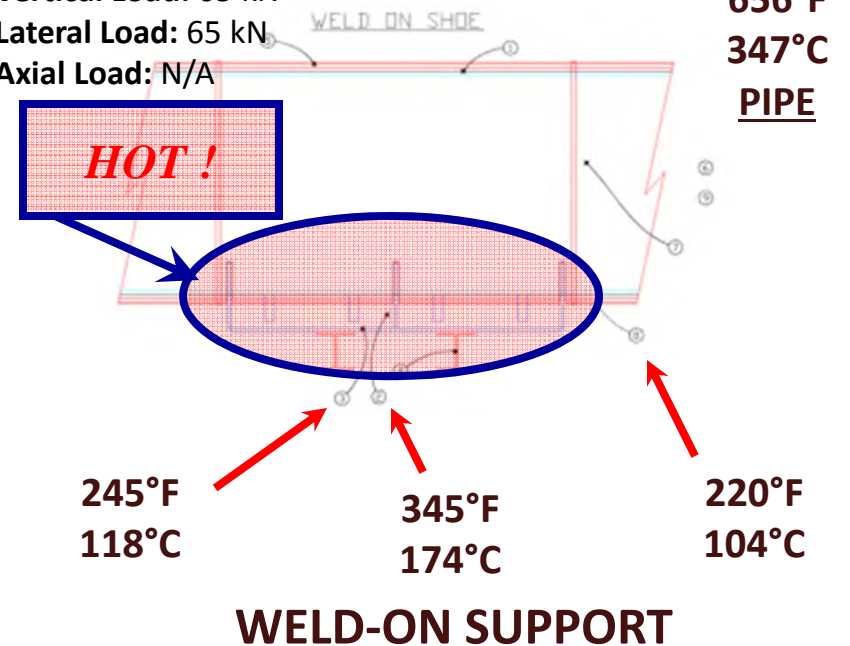
LSI-3-A-24"

## WELDED PIPE SUPPORT

Pipe Size: 24"  
Insulation Thickness: 0 mm  
Length: 900 mm

Design Temperature: 343°C (650°F)

Vertical Load: 65 kN  
Lateral Load: 65 kN  
Axial Load: N/A



**4.6**  
Kwatt/Hour  
to Retain  
Heat  
Saturation



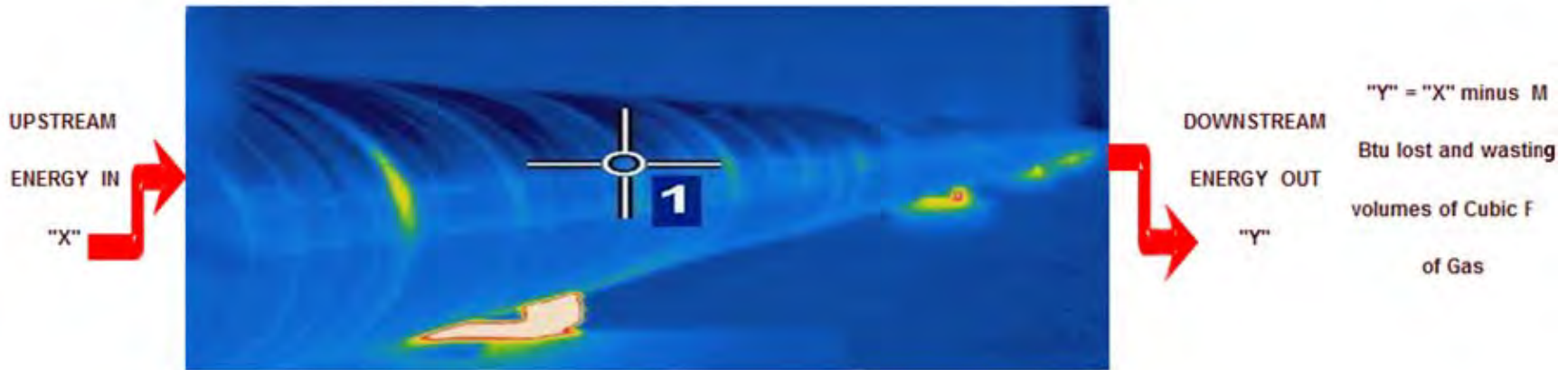
# Energy Usage Comparison

ENERGY USAGE COMPARISON-PER <i>EACH</i> SUPPORT		
Weld-on vs Guide	<b>1.2</b>	Kw att/Hour More Energy Required For Weld-on
Clamp-on vs Guide	1.5	Kw att/Hour More Energy Required For Clamp-on

EVERY HOUR	833	Cubic Feet of Natural Gas Energy is WASTED at pipe supportpoints due to IN-Efficient supports
EVERY DAY	19,993	
EVERY YEAR	7,297,674	

1.2 Kwatt/Hour Saved from EACH Support  
 100 Supports  
 24 Hours in One Day  
 365 Days in One Year  
 30 Year Plant Life Estimate

= 1.2 Kwatts saved PER HOUR  
 = 120 Kwatts PER HOUR  
 = 2,880 Kwatts PER DAY  
 = 1,051,200 Kwatts PER YEAR  
 = 31,536,000 Kwatts LIFE PLANT



EVERY HOUR	.85
EVERY DAY	20.55
EVERY YEAR	7,502,01

M Btu's are LOST at pipe support  
 points due to IN-Efficient Supports



# Case #3—Pre-Assembly of Pipelines: Modular Approach





# Benefits of Pre-Assembled Pipe Lines

- Ability to pre-install offsite—minimizing laydown space issues. Or, can be installed onsite on the ground at facility location prior to lifting into place.
  - Install piping as buildings are being built—eliminates threading pipe through structure then installing supports, insulation, and jacketing at final location, which may have accessibility issues.
  - Pipe system can be pre-assembled prior to project start-up.
  - Efficient pre-installation reduces labor time, improving project schedule, reducing costs, and working safe at waist-high conditions.
  - Very efficient on straight piping runs using up to 80-foot long sections of pipe. Proven cost savings.
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# Other Benefits of Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports

## INSTALLATION:

Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports

versus

Supports that Weld or Clamp Directly to Pipe

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# Installation Comparisons: Various Types of Supports

## Installation Problems with Non-Insulated Supports

### Weld-On Supports

1) Expensive labor rates to weld and time-consuming welding and for QC



2) Time consuming labor to trim insulation and jacket around steel ribs



## Easy Installation Using Pre-Insulated Supports

### Pre-Insulated Supports

1) Bolt-on to pipe for fast, secure installation



2) After bolting you are Finished, as the insulation and jacket are part of the support and are installed as well







# Corrosion Under Insulation

Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports  
versus  
Supports that Weld or Clamp Directly to the Pipe





# Corrosion Under Insulation

Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports Totally Isolate the Pipe from the Outside Structure

Pre-Insulated Supports



Welded Support





# Condensation

Pre-Insulated Pipe Supports

versus

Supports that Weld or Clamp Directly to the Pipe

**Pre-Insulated Supports Totally Isolate the Pipe  
from the Outside Structure**

**Pre-Insulated Supports Can Include a Sealed Vapor  
Barrier and Line Stop System to Eliminate Condensation**





# Why use pre-insulated supports?

## Efficient

- Saves energy
- Saves operating costs

## Easy to Install

- Saves construction time
- Saves construction cost

## Benefits

- Can be built using various types of insulation to work with your system
- Carry the loads of your pipe
- Protect against corrosion (CUI)
- Protect against condensation

## Considerations

- Engineering time to select the applicable support
  - Consideration of a higher initial cost with a lower installed cost and efficiencies
  - Material selection for application type and environment
-



# Thank You from Rilco

Any questions?



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