

FOR MORE INFORMATION



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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

• DESCRIBE the recently published ANSI/ASSP Z359 standards

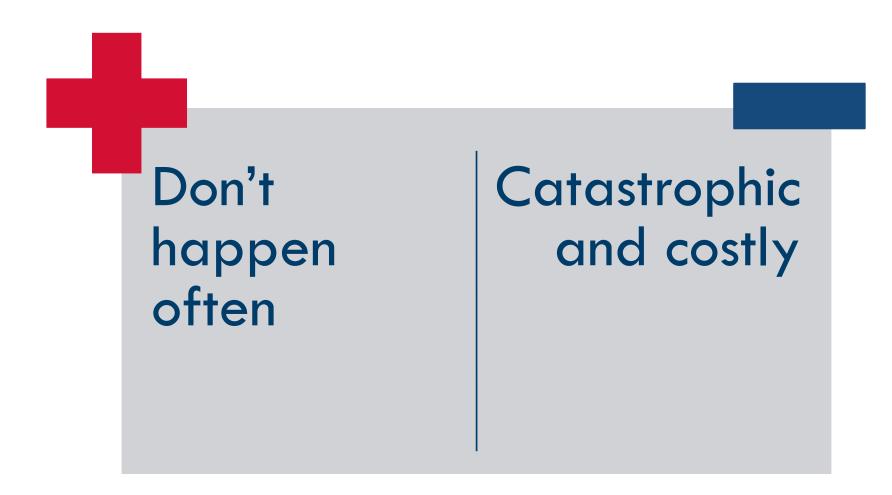
• SUMMARIZE how this will affect your equipment purchases

• EXPLAIN five ways to reduce fall hazard risk

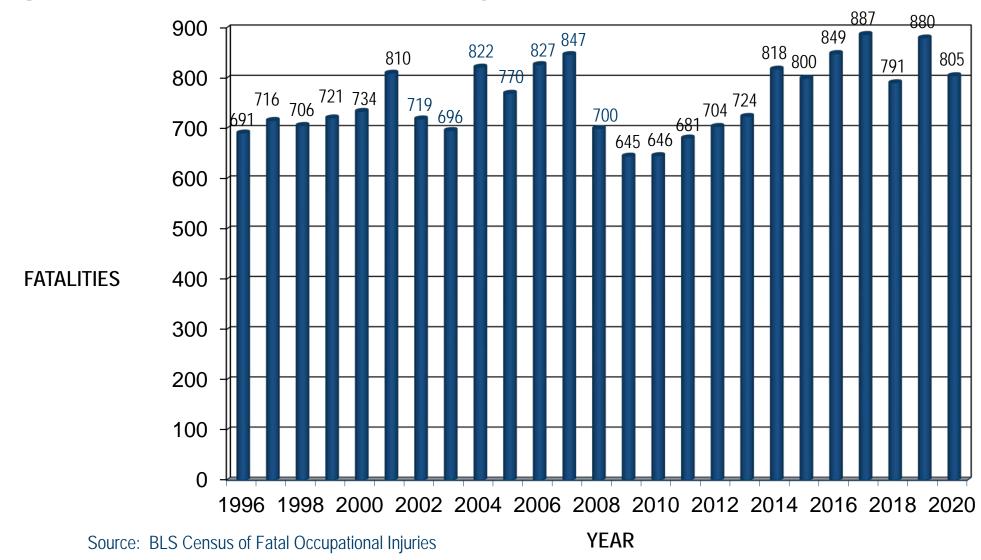
AGENDA

- Background
- New ANSI/ASSP Z359 standards
 - Equipment considerations
- Top 5 Ways to Reduce Risk
- Closing

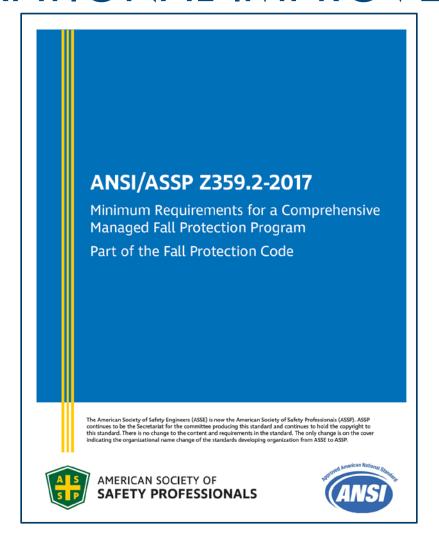
CONFLICTING REALITIES



TOTAL FALL FATALITIES



OPERATIONAL IMPROVEMENTS





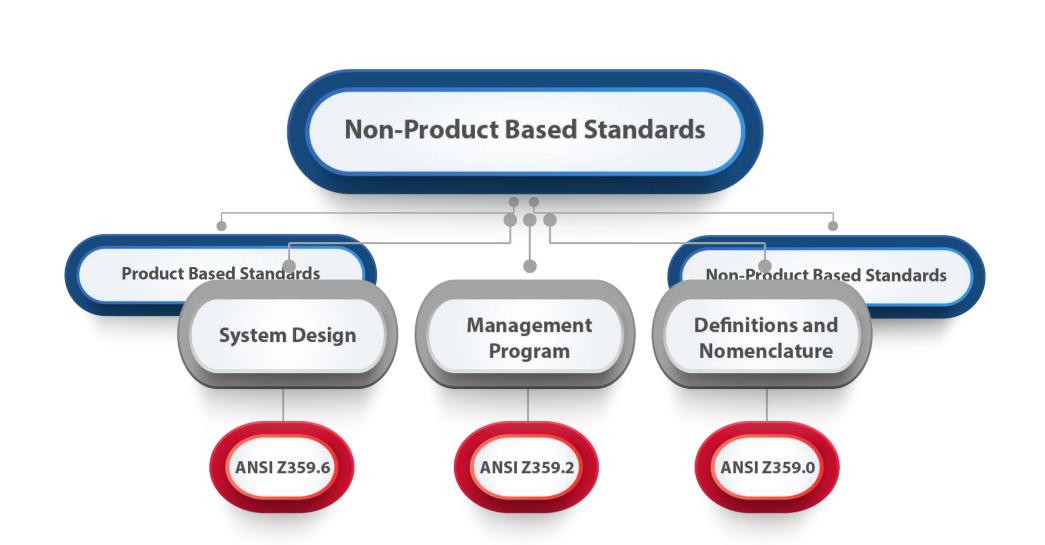
ASSP MANAGED FALL PROTECTION

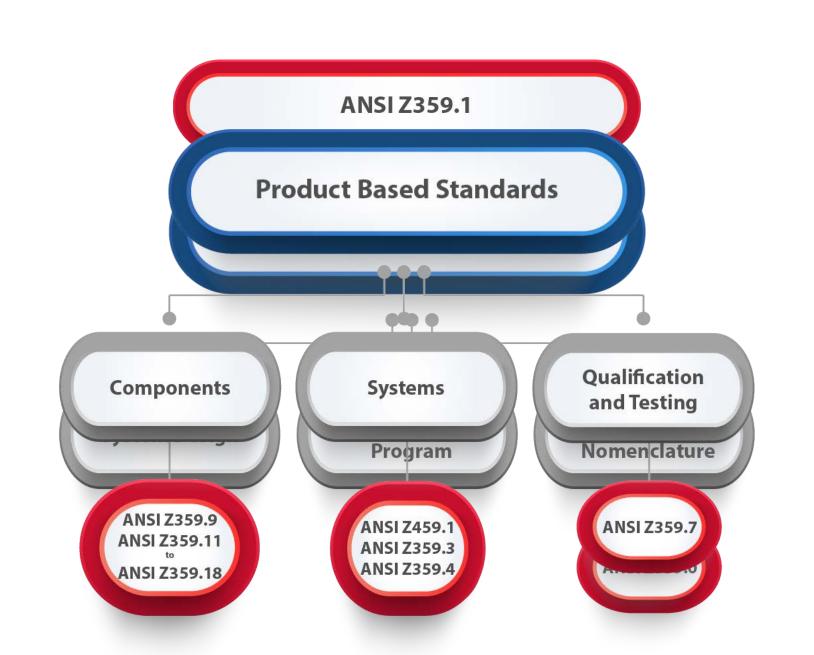
- Managed Fall Protection Course
 - https://store.assp.org/PersonifyEbusiness/Events/ASSPEducationalEventsCalendar



NEW ANSI/ASSP Z359 STANDARDS







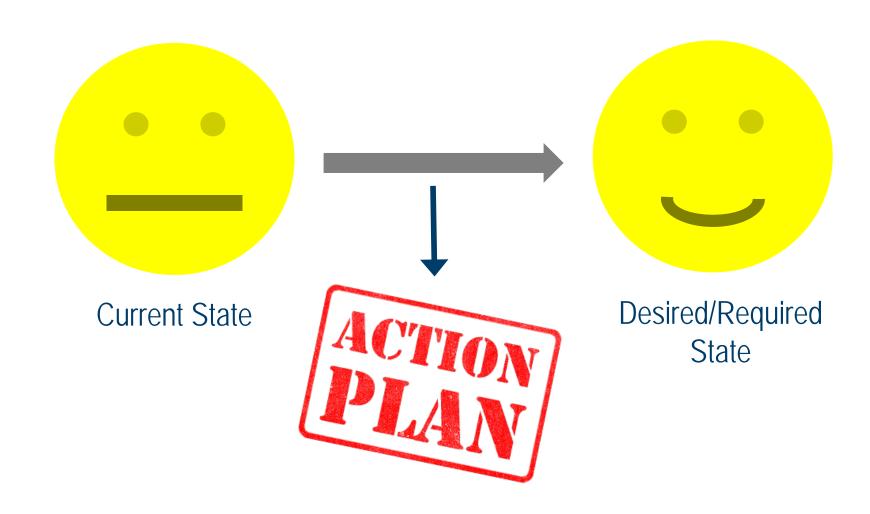
ANSI Z359.2

Managed Fall Protection Program Assessment



	#	Fall Protection Program Element	Current Grade (A - F)	Priority (H/M/L)	Notes/Steps to Improve
	1	Policy Statement: (Section 3.1) Does your organization have a managed fall protection policy statement?			
	2	Employer Responsibilities: (Section 3.2) Does your organizational leadership dedicate resources for the fall protection program?			
Γ		Program Administrator: (Section 4.2)			

Z359.2 GAP ANALYSIS



"NEWER" STANDARDS

- 2016
 - Z359.1: Fall protection code
 - Z359.16: Ladder climbing fall arrest systems
 - Z359.6: Design of active systems
- 2017
 - Z359.2: Managed fall protection program
 - Z359.3: Lanyards and positioning lanyards
 - Z359.18: Anchorage connectors



"NEWER" STANDARDS

- 2019
 - Z359.12: Connecting components
 - Z359.7: Qualification and verification testing
- 2020
 - Z359.1: Fall protection code



2021 STANDARDS

- Z359.11: Full body harnesses
- Z359.14: Self-retracting devices
- Z459.1: Rope access
- Z359.9: Descenders



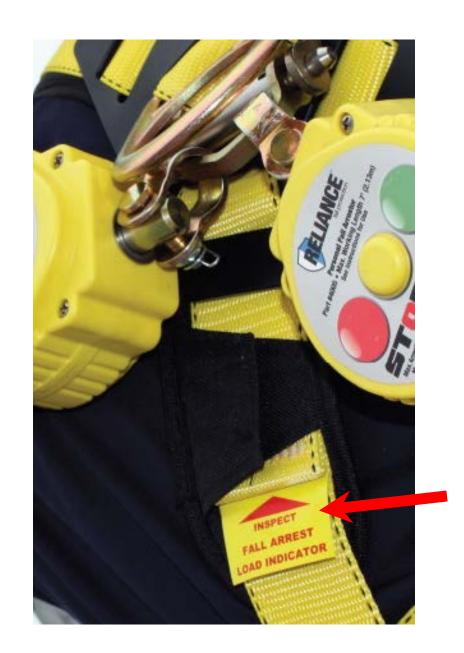
FUTURE STANDARDS

- Other Z359 standards projects:
 - Z359.17: Horizontal lifelines
 - Z359.19: Rigid rail systems
 - Z359 National Work at Height Task Force



ANSI Z359.11—HARNESSES

- Effective date: May 1, 2022
- Modified head-first dynamic test procedure
- Alternative fall arrest indicator testing



ANSI Z359.11—HARNESSES

- New stretch-out requirements for frontal connections
- Allowance for harnesses with integrated energy absorbers
- Minor changes to labeling requirements



ANSI Z359.14 UPDATES

- Effective date: August 1, 2022
- Types:
 - SRLs, SRL-Rs, and SRL-Ps
- Classes:
 - Established classes applicable to all types
- Static Strength:
 - Increased by 20% and meets 2:1 expectations





ANSI Z359.14 UPDATES

- Energy Capacity:
 - Increased for SRL-Ps to improve outcomes in common misuse
- End-User Guidance:
 - Appendix B provides actionable information to users of SRDs

1" Square Icons

Arial font, black on white background Arial font, white on black background

10 pt. font

30 pt. font

7.5 pt. font

Class

1

Anchor at or above dorsal D-ring Class

2

Anchor above or

below dorsal D-ring

ANSI Z359.14: SELF-RETRACTING DEVICES

Twin leg lanyard vs. SRL-P





TWIN LEG LANYARD VS. SRL-P

Compare and contrast

- Resiliency to misuse/overload
- Criteria in ANSI
 - Personal EA lanyards
 - SRDs
- Edge confusion
- OSHA strength requirements









TWIN LEG LANYARD VS. SRL-P

SRL-P sold as a "safer" alternative

- Tensile strength
- Wishbone test
- Dual attachment test
- Side dee-ring test
- Cost: \$100-200 vs. \$300-600



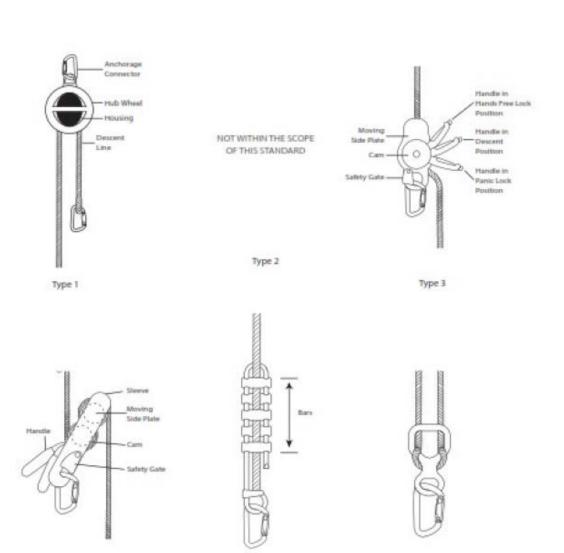
ANSI Z459.1—ROPE ACCESS

- Effective date: August 15, 2022
- Baseline criteria for employers to use in establishing and evaluating rope access systems for work at height



ANSI Z359.9—DESCENDERS

- Effective date: September 15, 2022
- 5 "types" outlined
 - Type 1 to Type 6 (Type 2 not used)
- Decision tree (Figure 2)
 - Automatic control?
 - Hands-free locking?
 - Panic locking function?
 - Mechanically variable function?



Type 5

Type ö

Type 4

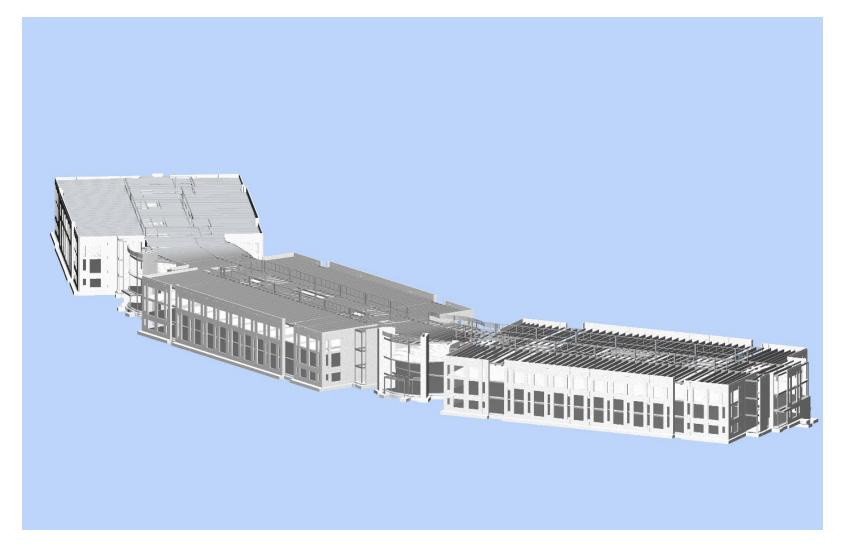
TOP 5 WAYS

TOP 5 WAYS

- 1 Apply PtD for new buildings and processes
 - 2 Do a risk assessment the right way
 - 3 Use less personal protective equipment
 - 4 Focus on certified systems, not just equipment
- 5 Provide general and system-specific training

#1 APPLY PtD HAZARD IDENTIFICATION & EVOLUTION

WHEN TO THINK FALL PROTECTION





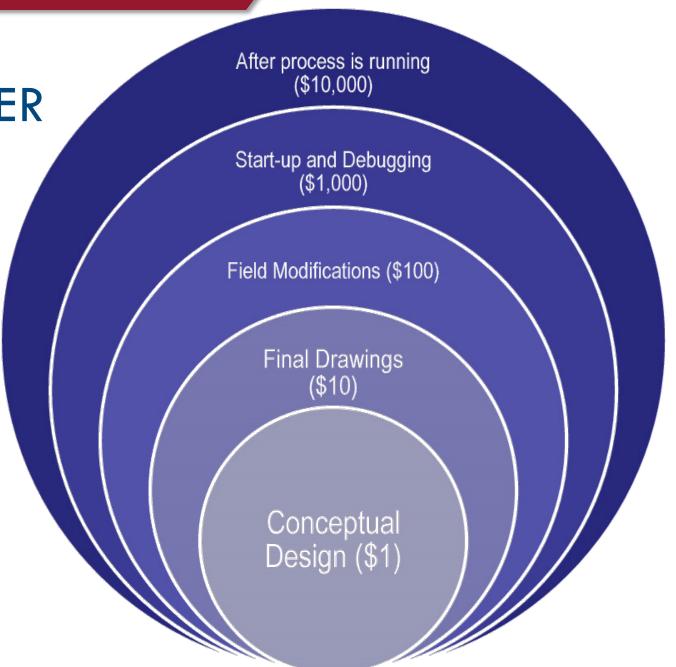
PREVENTION THROUGH DESIGN

- Implement safety during programming and design
 - Considers safety for:
 - Construction
 - Operations
 - Maintenance
 - Requires team approach



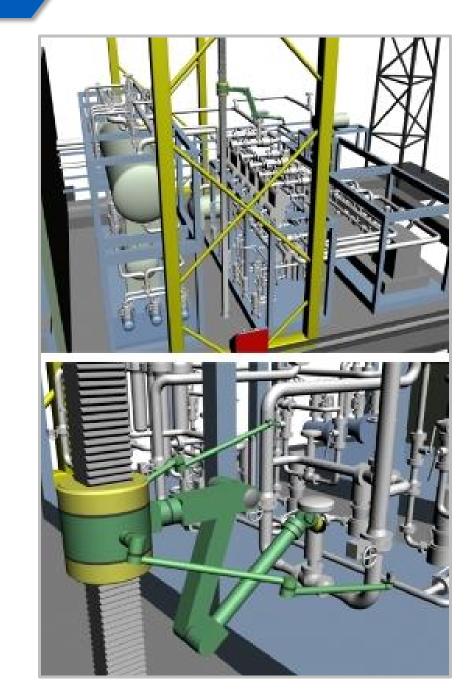
THE SOONER THE BETTER

- Eliminates:
 - Design costs
 - Additional drawings
 - Mobilization of the contractor
 - Field modifications
 - Rework of interferences
 - Use of potentially riskier means of hazard abatement



PTD EXAMPLE

- Before
- After
 - Hazards eliminated or controlled passively
 - Processes and products changed
 - Cost savings
 - Fewer fall protection issues = less equipment, training, and management



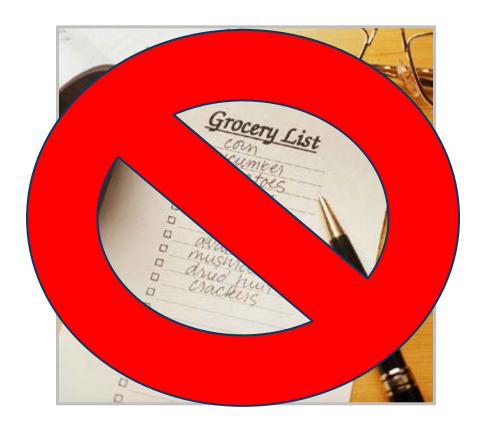
#2 CONDUCT A RISK ASSESSMENT HAZARD IDENTIFICATION & EVALUATION

VALUE OF A LIST



WHEN YOU DON'T HAVE A LIST...

- You forget important things
- You waste money
- You're less efficient



WHEN YOU DON'T HAVE AN ASSESSMENT

- You forget important things
- You waste money
- You're less efficient



WHERE IS YOUR GREATEST RISK?



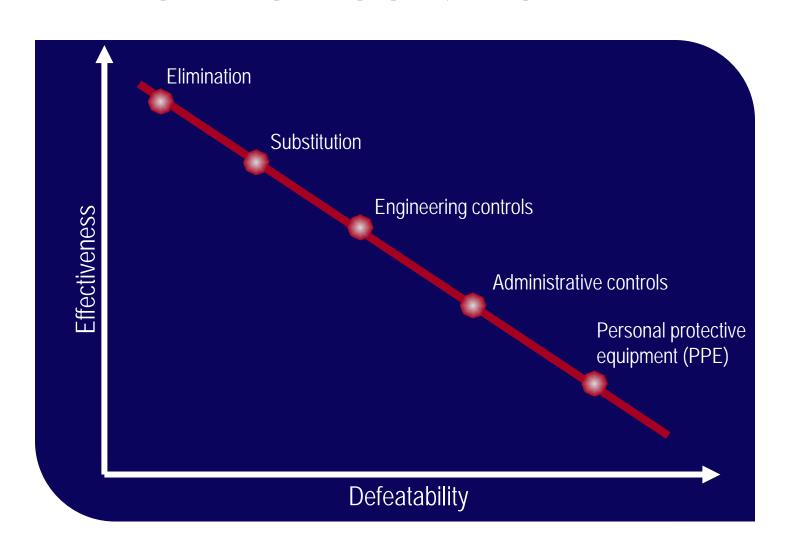
WHERE IS YOUR GREATEST RISK?





#3 USE LESS PPE HAZARD ABATEMENT

SAFETY: HIERARCHY OF CONTROL



ENGINEERING CONTROLS

- Requires no user action to work properly
 - Minimal training



PPE SYSTEMS

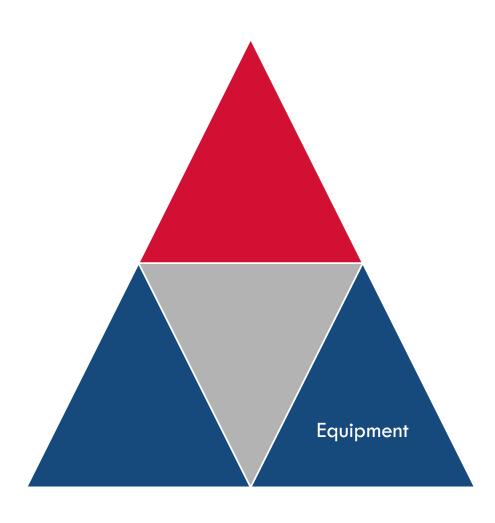
- Too many opportunities to fail
 - Inadequate anchorage
 - Equipment misuse
 - Incompatible components
 - Lack of procedures
 - Insufficient clearance
 - Improper training
 - Lack of rescue planning



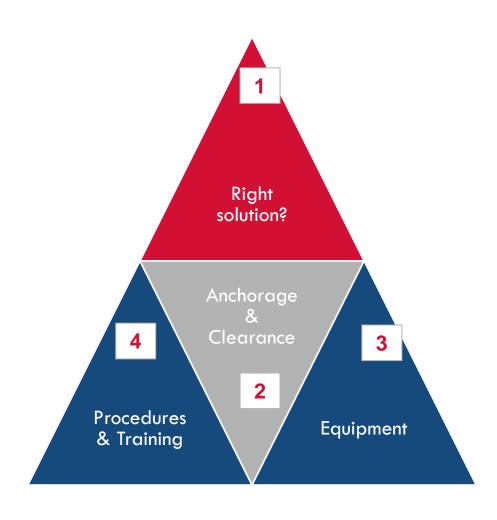
#4 FOCUS ON CERTIFIED SYSTEMS

HAZARD ABATEMENT

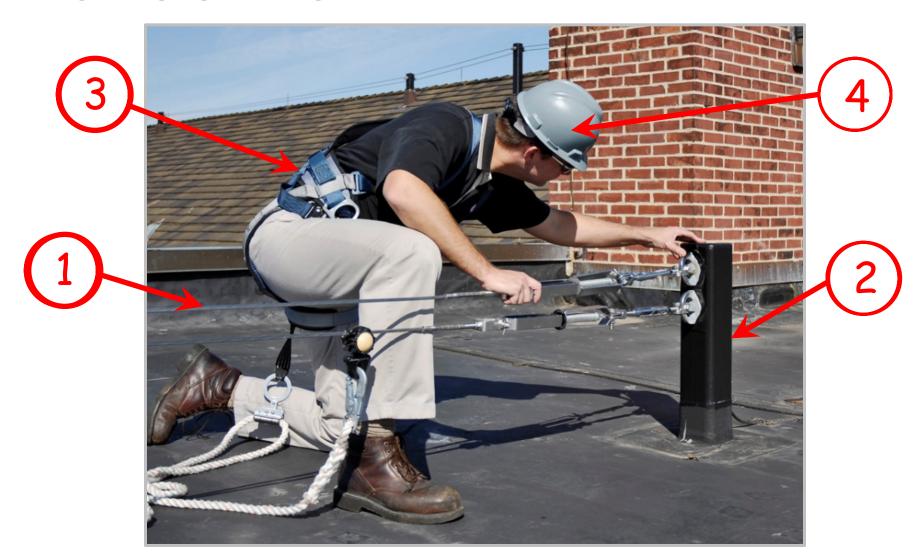
CERTIFIED?



CERTIFIED?



WHAT TO LOOK FOR



#5 PROVIDE QUALITY TRAINING GENERAL AND SPECIFIC TRAINING

MHOs

- Authorized person
 - Those working at heights
- Competent person
 - Safety personnel
 - Engineers involved in project planning and execution
 - Supervisors—skilled trades and maintenance groups

CONTENT

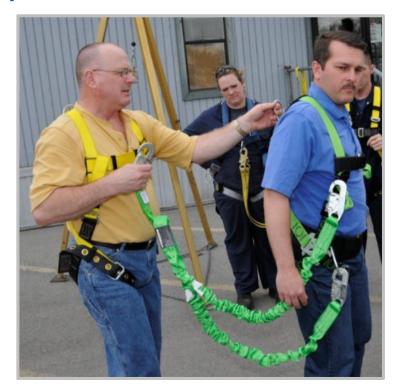
- ANSI Z359 guidance
 - 15 duties of a competent person
 - Z359.2 §3.2.4
 - Authorized person training requirements
 - Z359.2 §3.3.6.3
 - General knowledge
 - System specific

ACADEMIC BACKGROUND

- Fall protection program requirements
- Fall hazard identification
- Fall hazard abatement
 - Engineering controls
 - Lift equipment and scaffolding
 - Personal fall arrest systems
 - Anchorages
 - Fall clearance

HANDS-ON AND INTERACTIVE

- Equipment inspection
- Equipment use and limitations





TOP 5 WAYS

- 1 Apply PtD for new buildings and processes
 - 2 Do a risk assessment the right way
 - 3 Use less personal protective equipment
 - 4 Focus on certified systems, not just equipment
- 5 Provide general and system-specific training

- Evaluate your organization's use of the standards
 - ANSI Z59.1 (available free)
 - ANSI Z359.2 (program)

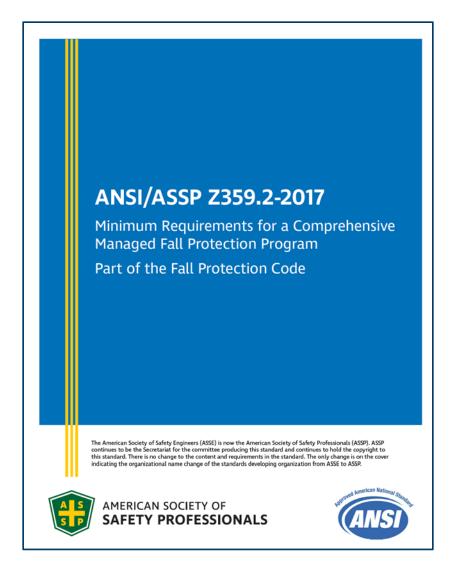
ANSI/ASSP Z359.2-2017

Minimum Requirements for a Comprehensive Managed Fall Protection Program Part of the Fall Protection Code

The American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE) is now the American Society of Safety Professionals (ASSP). ASSP continues to be the Secretariat for the committee producing this standard and continues to hold the copyright to this standard. There is no change to the content and requirements in the standard. The only change is on the cover indicating the organization from ASSE to ASSP.









- Join the committee
 - Especially users
 - Next meeting: April 26-29, 2022
 - Lauren Bauerschmidt
 LBauerschmidt@ASSP.org
 - Jennie Dalesandro <u>JDalesandro@ASSP.org</u>



Evaluate your equipment inventory and systems













CLOSING EXERCISE: IMAGINE!

Imagine every year on May 22nd at precisely 10:15 a.m., all your workers simultaneously "tested" their fall protection systems.

What would happen? Are you good or just lucky?



TOP 5 WAYS TO REDUCE FALL HAZARD RISK

Questions?

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