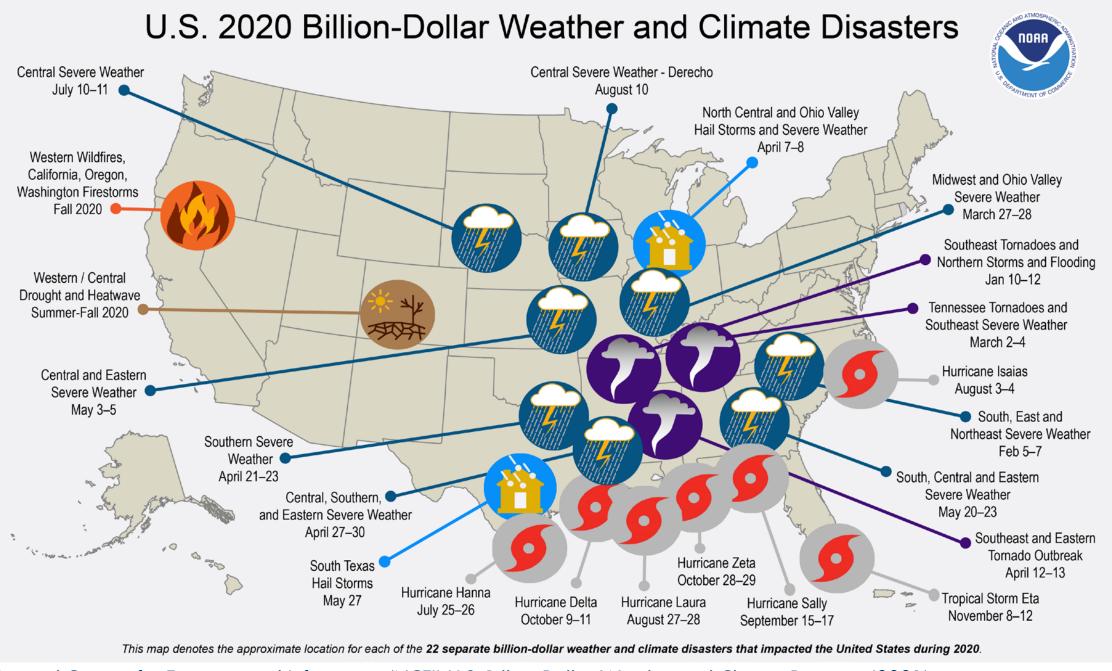


The Family of Building & Community Solutions

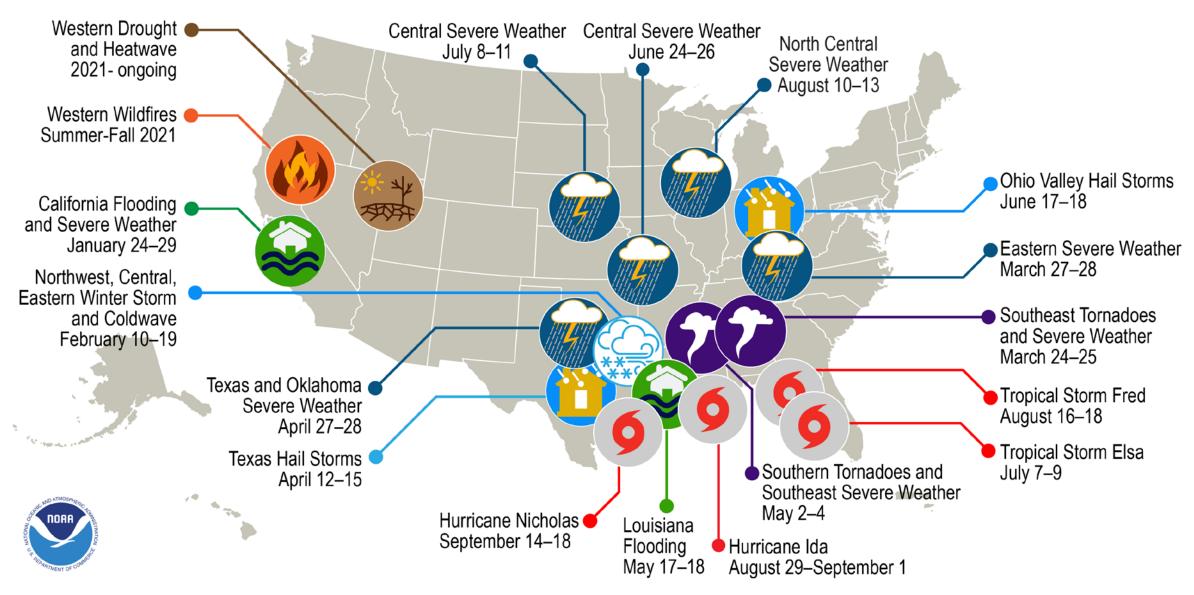


- Codes and Standards
- Personnel Training and Certification
- Product Evaluation
- Accreditation Services
- Codification & Administration
 Services
- Engineering Support
- Community Resilience Benchmarks[®]
- Third-Party Evaluation Services



NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) U.S. Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters (2021). https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/billions/, DOI: 10.25921/stkw-7w73

U.S. 2021 Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters



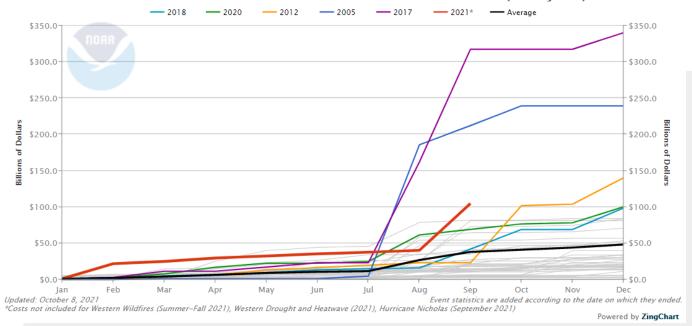
This map denotes the approximate location for each of the 18 separate billion-dollar weather and climate disasters that impacted the United States January–September 2021.

NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) U.S. Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters (2021). https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/billions/, DOI: 10.25921/stkw-7w73

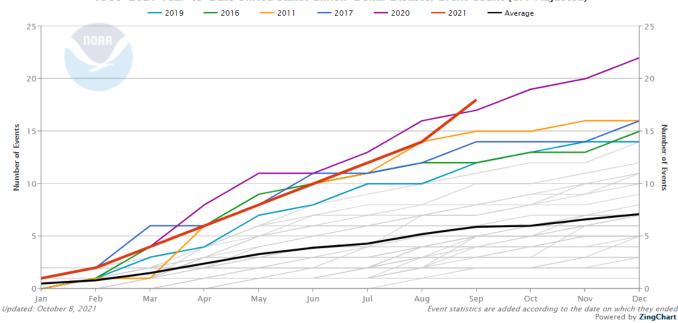
2020 sets the new annual record of 22 events—shattering the previous annual record of 16 events that occurred in 2011 and 2017. 2020 is the sixth consecutive year (2015-2020) in which 10 or more billion-dollar weather and climate disaster events have impacted the United States.

NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) U.S. Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters (2021). https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/billions/, DOI: 10.25921/stkw-7w73





1980–2021 Year-to-Date United States Billion-Dollar Disaster Event Count (CPI-Adjusted)

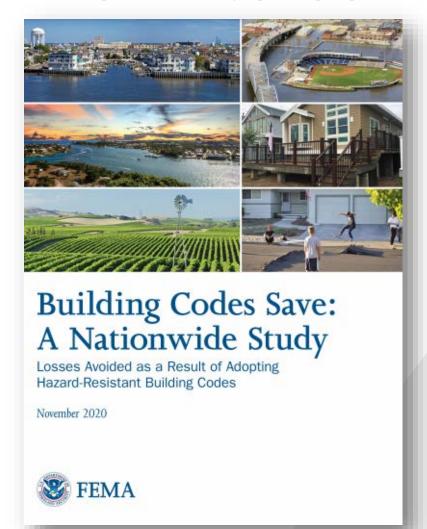


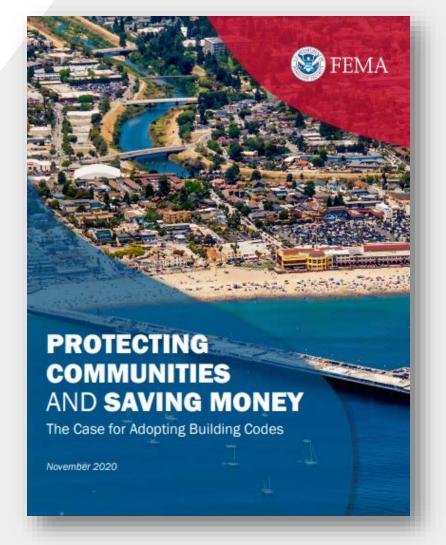
MITIGATION IS HIGHLY COST EFFECTIVE

/)	National Institute of BUILDING SCIENCES Cost (\$ billion) Benefit (\$ billion)	ADOPT CODE 11:1 \$1/year \$13/year	ABOVE CODE 4:1 \$4/year \$16/year	#520 \$2200	4:1 \$0.6 \$2.5	FEDERAL GRANTS 6:1 \$27 \$160
	Riverine Flood	6:1	5:1	6:1	8:1	7:1
©	Hurricane Surge	not applicable	7:1	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable
નીિ	Wind	10:1	5:1	6:1	7:1	5:1
₹	Earthquake	12:1	4:1	13:1	3:1	3:1
3	Wildland-Urban Interface Fire	not applicable	4:1	2:1	not applicable	3:1

Copyright © 2019 The National Institute of Building Sciences

FEMA BUILDING CODES SAVE STUDY





https://www.fema.gov/emergency-managers/risk-management/building-science/building-codes-save-study

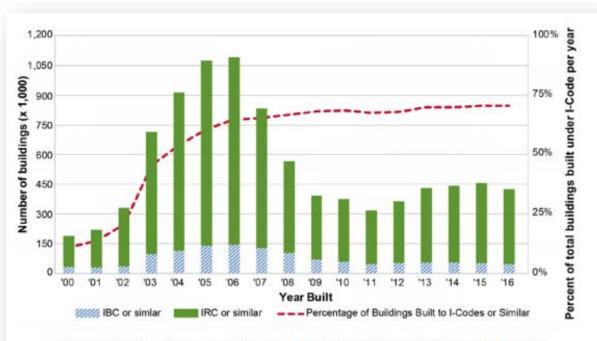


Figure ES-2: Buildings constructed to I-Codes or similar standards, 2000–2016

Table ES-2: Average Annualized Losses Avoided by Hazard

Hazard	No. of Bldgs. Modeled ⁽¹⁾	AALA (x\$1,000)
Flood	786,473	\$483,602
Wind	9,200,267	\$1,060,692
Seismic	2,441,923	\$59,924
	Total AALA	\$1,604,218

(1) The numbers of buildings that were modeled are not totaled because many were built to mitigate against more than one hazard. The projected future
I-Codes savings will
compound to at least
\$3.2 billion per year
AALA by 2040 for total
cumulative losses avoided
of \$132 billion!

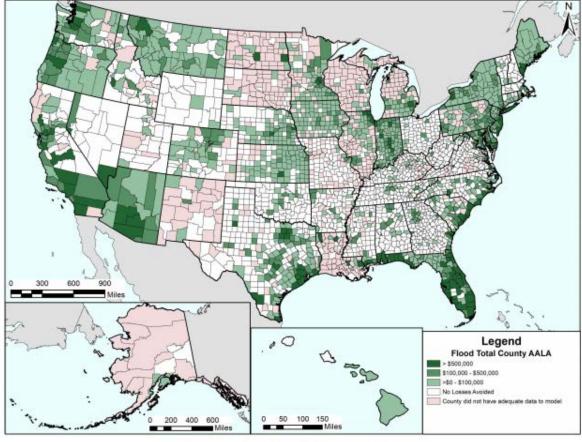
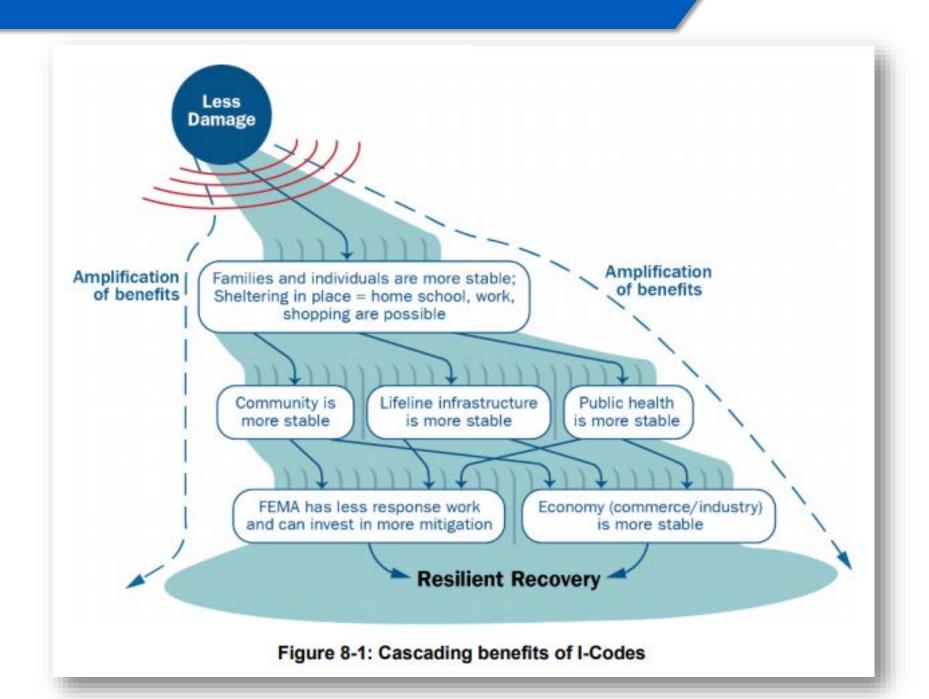
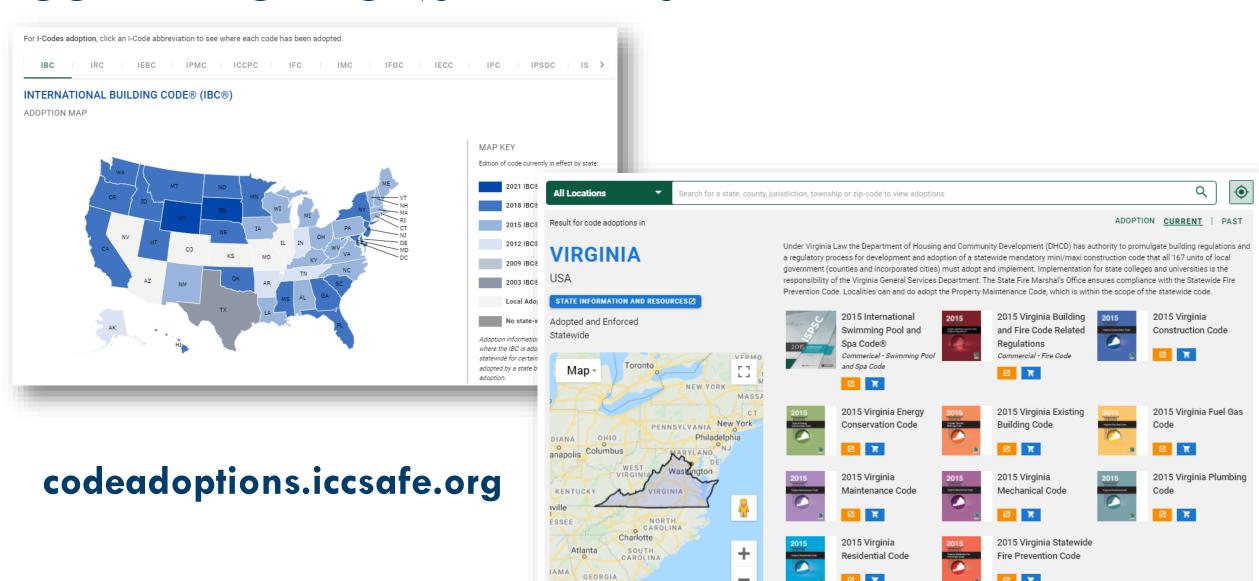


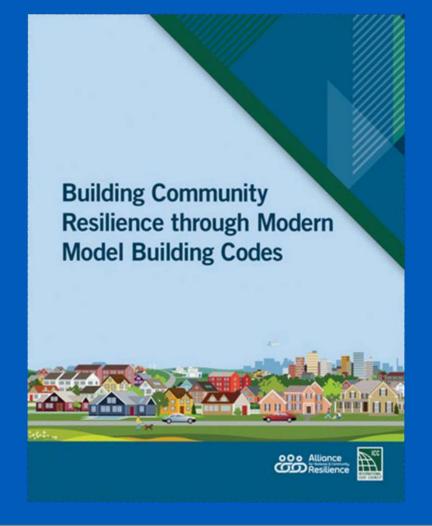
Figure 7-1: Total AALA by county for flood hazard analysis



CODE ADOPTIONS DATABASE



BUILDING CODES & RESILIENCE



Resilience in the built environment starts with strong, regularly adopted, and properly administered building codes. However, to attain whole community resilience, communities must look at the resiliency of all interconnected systems and function of the community as well.

Cities, states, and the federal government have committed to energy or greenhouse gas emissions goals.







USDN urban sustainability directors network

Pledge, Compact, Commitment, or Initiative	Number of Participating US Local Governments		
Climate Mayors	407		
We are Still In	307		
Ready for 100	148		
Under2MOU	26		
Bloomberg American Cities Climate Challenge	25		
Rockefeller 100 Resilient Cities	24		
2030 Districts	21		
DOE Zero Energy Schools Accelerator	14		
DOE Energy Accelerator	11		
DOE Zero Energy Districts Accelerator	4		

ACCEPTANCE ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

I, Joseph R. Biden Jr., President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the Paris Agreement, done at Paris on December 12, 2015, do hereby accept the said Agreement and every article and clause thereof on behalf of the United States of America.

Done at Washington this 20th day of January, 2021.

JOSEPH R. BIDEN JR.

U.S. National Declared Contributions (NDCs)

- 50 to 52% reduction in GHG emissions by 2030
- From 2005 baseline

With a Special Focus on Equity

Build, preserve, and retrofit more than two million homes and commercial buildings, modernize our nation's schools and child care <u>facilities</u>, <u>and upgrade veterans</u> 'hospitals and federal buildings. President Biden's plan will create good jobs building, rehabilitating, and retrofitting affordable, accessible, energy efficient, and resilient housing, commercial buildings, schools, and child care facilities all over the country, while also vastly improving our nation's federal facilities, especially those that serve veterans.



Administration Priorities Co

 The United States can create good-paying jobs and cut emissions and energy costs for families by supporting efficiency upgrades and **electrification in buildings** through support for job-creating retrofit programs and sustainable affordable housing, wider use of heat pumps and induction stoves, and adoption of modern energy codes for new buildings. The United States will also invest in new technologies to reduce emissions associated with construction, including for high-performance electrified buildings.

Zero-Energy Building Goals:

- 2030 for New Construction
- 2050 for All Buildings

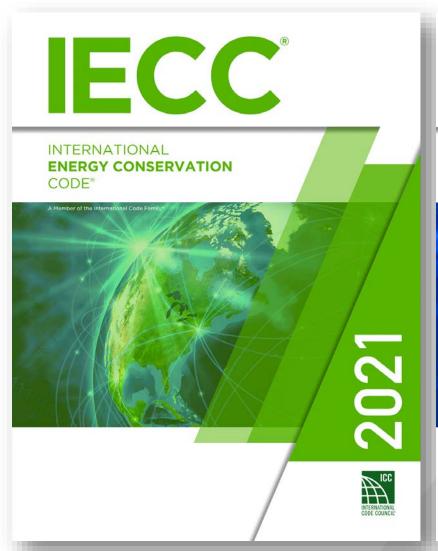
BUILDING TO COP26

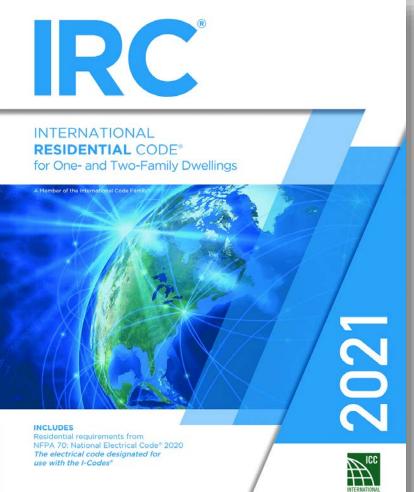


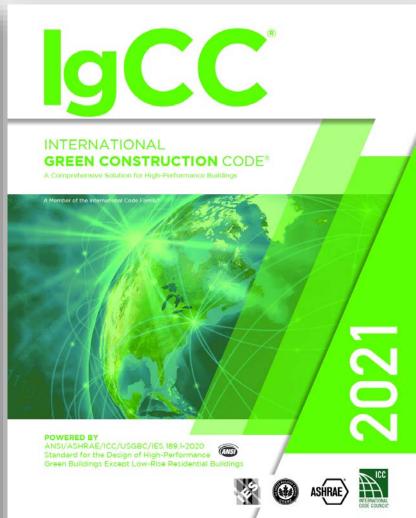


Cities, Regions and Built Environment Day

- November 11
- 1.5°C Paris Agreement Target
- 65% Emissions Reduction by 2030
- Zero CO₂ Emissions by 2040









The U.S. DOE has indicated that the 2021 IECC saves 9.4% for energy use and 8.7% for carbon emissions over the 2018 edition.*







The 2021 edition of the IECC represents an approximately

40 percent improvement over the 2006 edition.*





*U.S. Department of Energy, 2021 IECC Residential Determination (May 16, 2021)

*U.S. Department of Energy, Residential Determinations (2006-2021)



LEADING THE WAY TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY

A Path Forward on Energy and Sustainability to Confront a Changing Climate

www.iccsafe.org



Updated IECC development process



Enhanced Energy & Carbon Reduction resources



Energy and Carbon Advisory Council

IECC DEVELOPMENT

PROCESS

5	Appoint Committees	Public Comments	Proposal Review	Public Comment Draft(s)	Committee Ballot
	Residential & Commercial	Initial draft posted (2021 IECC)	Proposals to subcommittees for review	Committee public comment draft capturing results of	Once all comments resolved, committee votes on approval of final
	Call for members closed on April 23	Public comments (code change proposals) solicited	Subcommittee recommendations	proposal review	document
	Appointed by Code Council Board of Directors	All conducted online through	to full committee Committee votes	Seeks comments on review draft	Content published as next edition IECC
		cdpAccess Closed October 12	on content Open meetings	Committee reviews and addresses comments	
		<u> </u>		Repeat public comment period	
				on revised draft if necessary	

ENERGY CODES & RESILIENCE

Durability

Durability ensures home is livable for decades

> Moisture Management

> > Rot, mold, mildew

Works in Tandem with Other Model Codes

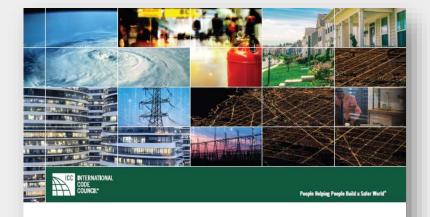


Extreme Weather Protection

Better envelopes Habitability – more lives saved

Energy Efficiency

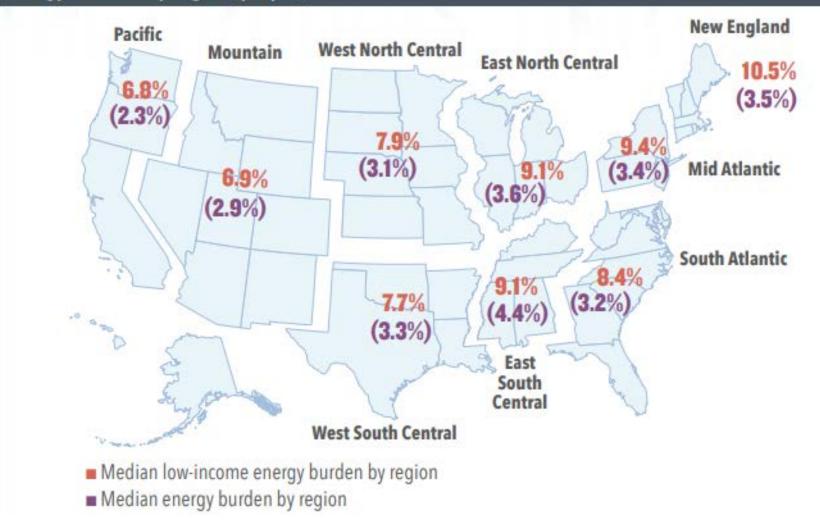
Grid Stability Microgrids Energy Storage



The Important Role of Energy Codes in Achieving Resilience

ENERGY BURDENS & LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

FIGURE 3. Median low-income (< 200% FPL) energy burdens by region (red) compared to median energy burdens by region (purple)



CODE ON A MISSION CAMPAIGN



Supporting Organizations

















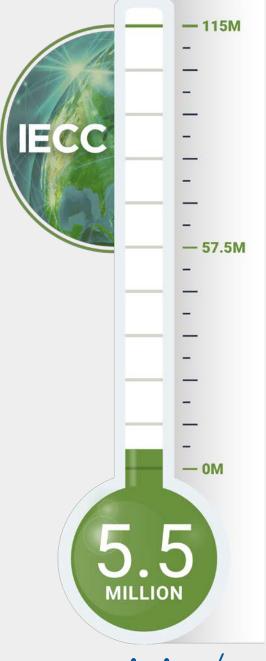






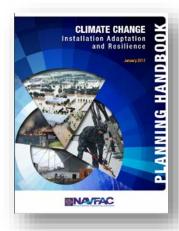






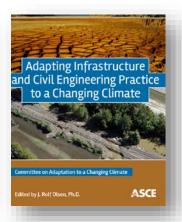
https://www.iccsafe.org/iecc-on-a-mission/

AN ESSENTIAL RESILIENCE ISSUE: DESIGNING FOR FUTURE RISK





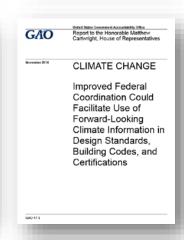






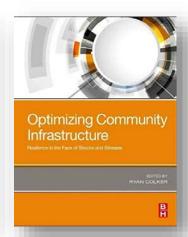


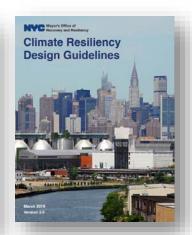




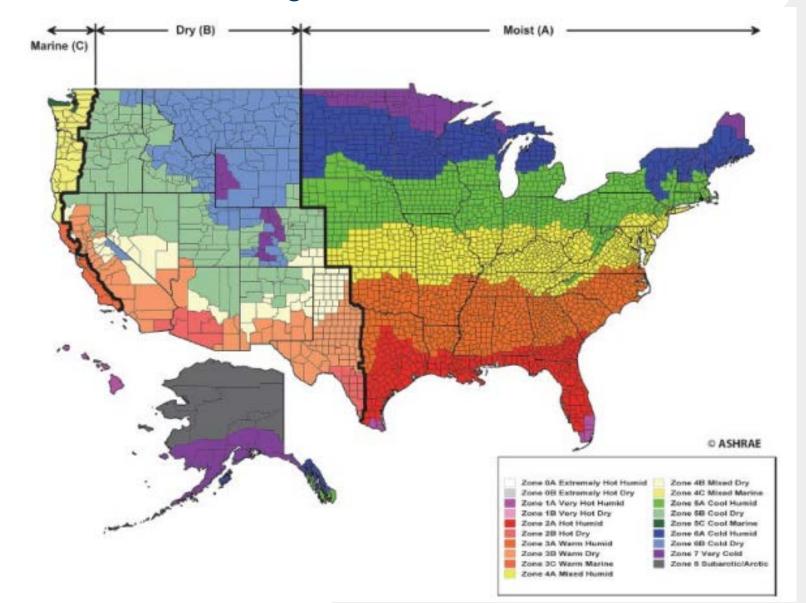






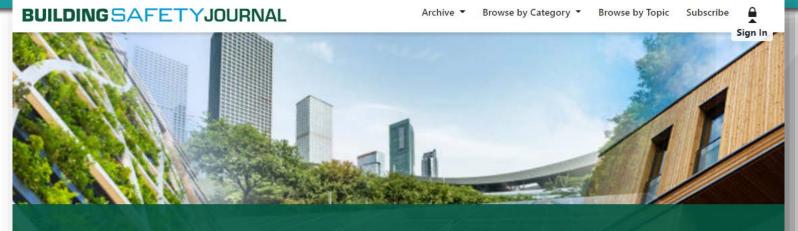


Climate Change and the Codes



IECC C301/R301

- ASHRAE 169-2013
- Creates Climate Zone 0
- Approximately 400 U. S.
 counties out of more than
 3,000 were reassigned, most
 to warmer climate zones



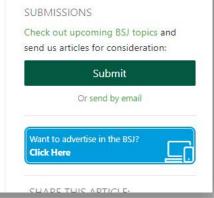
Code Council launches global initiative on building resilience

NOVEMBER 22ND, 2019 by ICC

QUICK HITS

he International Code Council launched a new global initiative to bring together experts from the U.S., Australia, Canada and New Zealand to improve building resilience worldwide. This new collaborative forum provides a valuable opportunity for participants to discuss common struggles, and to share knowledge, research, and best practices, as they consider the role of building codes in resilience and durability in the face of increasingly severe weather events.

The Code Council hosted the first roundtable in Newport Beach, California, from October 29-30, 2019. The gathering included building code developers and experts in emergency management, climate science and resilience. The discussion was moderated by Alice Hill, Senior Fellow for Climate Change Policy at the Council on Foreign Relations. The group explored a broad range of issues such as extreme wind, rain, flooding, sea level rise, tidal surge, wildfires and heat stress, and how they create differing approaches to the regulation of buildings and building safety.

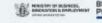




The Use of Climate Data and Assessment of Extreme Weather Event Risks in Building Codes Around the World:

Survey Findings from the Global Resiliency Dialogue

January 2021











www.globalresiliency.org / page 1

THE IMPORTANCE OF COMMUNITY-LEVEL RESILIENCE



Galveston, Texas, Post-Ike



VITA.

Manhattan, Post-Sandy

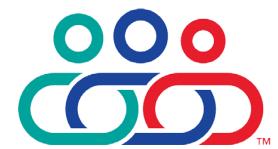




Paradise, California, Post-Camp Fire

SUPPORTING COMMUNITY RESILIENCE

Housing; Neighborhoods; Communications; Culture and Recreation: **Education and Training**



Alliance for National & Community Resilience®

COMMUNITY **FUNCTIONS**

a.
Pu and I Busines Gover Local Government: Public Safety and Security: Public Health and Healthcare: Business; Finance: Governance

Natural Environment: Transportation; Water; Energy; Solid Waste; Food: Buildings: Communications Infrastructure INFRAST

ENHANCED

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Alliance for National & Community Resilience[®]

MARTINSVILLE, VASee achievements at resilientalliance.org/Martinsville

HOUSING

ESSENTIAL

000

Alliance for National & Community Resilience[®]

MARTINSVILLE, VASee achievements at resilientalliance.org/Martinsville

RESILIENCE CERTIFICATION

BUILDINGS

TURA

OFF-SITE CONSTRUCTION





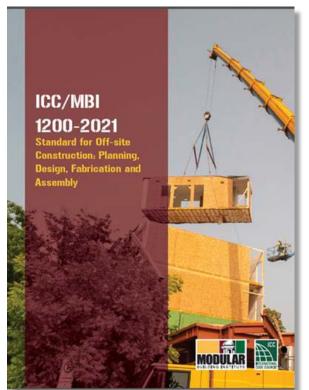
WORKFORCE













ICC/MBI Standard 1210 (upcoming)

Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing Systems, Energy Efficiency and Water Conservation

https://www.iccsafe.org/offsite

CODE COUNCIL OFF-SITE RESOURCES (WWW.ICCSAFE.ORG/OFFSITE)

- Guideline 5-2019 Guideline for the Safe Use of ISO Intermodal Shipping Containers Repurposed as Buildings and Building Components
- ICC/MBI 1200—Standard for Off-Site Construction: Planning, Design, Fabrication and Assembly
- ICC/MBI 1205—Standard for Off-Site Construction: Inspection and Regulatory Compliance
- FAQs on Off-Site Construction
- Learning Center Specialty Catalog on Off-Site Construction
- Digital Codes Premium Off-Site Resources (forthcoming)
- Conformity Assessment Services from ICC-ES, IAS, NTA

DIGITAL CODES PREMIUM



Energy Collection









